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Progression of Key Concepts in Inspire Maths

| Progression of Key Concepts in Inspire Maths |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Addition and subtraction (making connections between the units) with reference to the pages in the Teacher's Guide |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inspire Maths 1 | Inspire Maths 2 | Inspire Maths 3 | Inspire Maths 4 | Inspire Maths 5 | Inspire Maths 6 |
| The foundations of fractions are laid in Inspire Maths 1 by analyzing parts and whole using the 'partwhole' strategy. This appears throughout IM1A and IM1B. <br> Key vocabulary: <br> - part: TG1A p32 <br> - whole: TG1A p32 | Fractions: TG2B Unit 12 p56 <br> Key concepts: <br> Understanding fractions by using shapes to represent one whole with denominators up to 12 and write fractions with denominators up to 12 from given shapes. <br> - Using model drawing as a concept to represent fraction contexts: <br> Lets use models to show factions. <br> bshow fracions. <br> The model shows a whole with 5 equal parts. <br> 2 ports are red and 3 parts are yellow. <br> Whot froction of the whole is red? <br> Number of red parts $=2$ <br> Number of parts altogether $=5$ <br> The froction of the whole in red is $\frac{2}{5}$. <br> The froction of the whole in yelow is $\frac{3}{5}, \quad \begin{aligned} & 2 \text { parts }+3 \text { parts } \\ & -5 \text { ports or } 1 \text { whol }\end{aligned}$ <br> $\frac{2}{5}$ ard $\frac{3}{5}$ mote I Indice. | Fractions: TG3B Unit 14 p116 <br> - Numerator and denominator: $\frac{2}{3} \leftarrow$ - - denomerator <br> In the fraction $\frac{2}{3}, 2$ is the numerator, and 3 is the denominator denominator. <br> - Understanding equivalent fractions using a fraction strip (paper) to show equal parts and write equivalent parts of a given fraction with the help of a model drawing: <br> - Write equivalent fractions of a given fraction using the multiplying/dividing factor technique expressing in its simplest form. | Fractions: TG4A Unit 5 p 137 <br> - Express, interpret, read, draw and mark mixed numbers on a number line and as region models (translating pictorial representations of mixed numbers to symbolic and vice versa). <br> - Express, interpret, read, draw and mark improper fractions on a number line and as region models (translating pictorial representations of improper fractions to symbolic and vice versa): | Fractions (1): TG5A Unit 3 p116 <br> - Identifying and differentiating like and unlike fractions: <br> - Adding unlike fractions by making a systematic list of the multiples of the denominator and by drawing a model: <br> Botle A contoined ? C of mike. Tol poured ; C of II into Botle B. | Fractions: TG6A Unit 4 p106 <br> - Four operations with fractions <br> - Dividing by a proper fraction: dividing a whole number by a proper fraction, dividing a proper fraction by a proper fraction <br> Farha cut a rectongulor poper strip into a number of pieces. Foch piece was $\frac{1}{2}$ of the poper strip. How mony pieces did forna cut the poper stip inno? <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Number of pieces }=1+\frac{1}{2} & 1+\frac{1}{7} \text { meoss tis Row mony } \\ 1 & \text { halies ove theo in i wholer? }\end{array}$ <br> the model above shows that there are 2 halves in I whole. $\mathrm{Sol}+\frac{1}{2}=2$ <br> forha cut the rectangular poper strip into 2 pieces. <br> - Word problems <br> Ratio: TG6A Unit 5 p145 <br> - Ratio and fraction: write and express ratio by comparing and analyzing parts and wholes (values): <br> - Word problems (1) |

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Fractions, percentages and decimals (making connections between the units) with reference to the pages in the Teacher's Guide

| Inspire Maths 2 | Inspire Maths 3 | Inspire Maths 4 | Inspire Maths 5 | Inspire Maths 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Compare and order two or more fractions with the same denominator using rectangular strips or model drawings of the same size: <br> Nrs Hill has 3 cakes, all the same slie She cuts each cake into 8 equal ports. <br> Jock eats $\frac{3}{8}$ of a colve, Tai eats $\frac{5}{8}$ of a coke and Mya eats $\frac{8}{8}$ of a coke. <br> - Compare and order two or more fractions with different denominators using rectangular strips or model drawings of the same size. <br> - Adding and subtracting like fractions. <br> - Solving word problems by recalling and applying 'part-whole' and 'adding on' concepts in addition of two fractions using model drawing. Recalling and applying 'part-whole' and 'taking away' concepts in subtraction of fractions using model drawing. | - Comparing fractions using the equivalent fraction method: <br> Ruby had $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pie. <br> Omar had $\frac{1}{4}$ of another identical pie. <br> Peter had a bigger portion than Ruby. $\frac{3}{4}$ is greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ <br> Omar hod a smaller portion than Ruby $\frac{1}{4}$ is smoller than $\frac{1}{2}$ <br> - Adding related fractions (the related fractions are changed to like fractions first). <br> - Subtracting related fractions (the related fractions are changed to like fractions first). <br> Key vocabulary <br> - numerator: TG3B p116 <br> - denominator: TG3B p116 <br> - equivalent faction: TG3B p117 <br> - simplest form: TG3B p122 <br> - portion: TG3B p123 <br> - common denominator: TG3B p126 <br> - common numerator: TG3B p127 <br> - express: TG3B p129 | - Conversion of fractions relating improper fractions to mixed numbers and converting between the two by separating an improper fraction into a whole and part of a whole, or by division, or by multiplication: <br> - Adding and subtracting fractions: add two or three related fractions, subtract two related fractions, subtract a fraction from a whole number: <br> Anna and Soroh hove an opple eoch. Amno eots ? $\frac{?}{6}$ her apple and Sarch eots $\frac{3}{4}$ at her apple. What froction of opples do they eot atogether? | - Subtracting unlike fractions by making a systematic list of the multiples of the denominator and by drawing a model <br> - Fractions and division: a whole number when divided by another whole number can result in a whole number with or without a remainder, a proper fraction or a mixed number: <br> 2 identical pizas are shared equally among 3 pupits. Whot fraction of a piza wil each pupl ger? <br> - Converting fractions to decimals: converting tenths, hundredths and thousandths, converting using long division, converting improper fractions and mixed numbers | - Comparing ratios: <br> Mr Smith mode five matares of crange and pheopple juice using diferent amounts of juice. He recorded them in a toble. <br> Find the ratio of the amount of arange jifiee to the amount of pineapple juice in eoch midure. <br> What can you say about the ratos? <br> We say that the roto of the amount of orange juice used to the amount of pineapple juice used is the same in eoch mixtire. <br> We con alse wey that the onount of <br> pineopple juice used oe in a fred roble. <br> - Word problems (2) <br> Percentage: TG6A Unit 6 p197 <br> - Finding percentages: express a fraction or a decimal as a percentage and vice versa, analyze the parts and whole to express the percentage giving the number of parts: <br> ters recol <br> The big square is divided into 100 equal parts 34 parts are shoded. The shoded parts can <br> - Word problems (1) <br> - Word problems (2) |

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| Inspire Maths 2 | Inspire Maths 4 | Inspire Maths 5 | Inspire Maths 6 |
| Key vocabulary: <br> - fractions: TG2B p56 <br> - equal part: TG2B p56 <br> - unequal: TG2B p56 <br> - whole: TG2B p57 <br> - fractional parts: TG2B p61 <br> - fractions (one-half to onetwelfth): TG2B p61 <br> - fraction story: TG2B p67 <br> - like fractions: TG2B p74 | - Fractions of a set: There are 4 apples. 3 out of the 4 opples are red. <br> of the opples ore red. Here is a set of 12 apples. The set of apples is divided inte 4 equal groups 3 out of the 4 groups of opples are red. <br> 3 of the opples ore red. <br> - Word problems <br> Decimals (1): TG4B Unit 9 p6 <br> - Understanding tenths: <br> - Understanding hundredths <br> - Understanding thousandths <br> - Comparing and ordering decimals | - Adding mixed numbers with or without regrouping <br> - Subtracting mixed numbers with or without regrouping <br> Tal bought $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~m}$ of material. He cut $1 \frac{1}{5} \mathrm{~m}$ to moke a bog. How much material did he have lett? <br> - Word problems <br> Fractions (2): TG5A Unit 4 p168 <br> - Product of proper fractions: multiplying two fractions is the same as finding the fractional part of another fraction; conceptualizing the meaning of multiplying two proper fractions with concrete representation; use of the cancellation (simplification) method to compute the product of two proper fractions; exploring and comparing the product of two whole numbers and the product of two proper fractions <br> - Word problems (1) | Key vocabulary <br> - unitary method: TG6A p175 |

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-     - Fractions and decimals: expressing a fraction (whose denominator is a factor of 10 or 100) as a decimal and express a decimal as a fraction in its simplest form:


Inspire Maths 5

- Product of an improper fraction and a proper or improper fraction:

Find the provuctot $\frac{8}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$.


- Product of a mixed number and a whole number:

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$\frac{1}{2}$
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- Word problems (2)
- Dividing a fraction by a whole number:

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## Inspire Maths 4

## Decimals (2): TG4B Unit 10 p77

-Refer to addition and subtraction progression document

- Refer to multiplication and division progression document

Key vocabulary

- mixed number: TG4A p137
- simplify: TG4A p141
- cancellation: TG4A p141
- improper fraction: TG4A p142
- conversion: TG4A p146
- Word problems (3)

Decimals: TG5B Unit 7 p2 p28

- Converting fractions to decimals: converting tenths and hundredths, converting thousandths
- Using a calculator
- Word problems

Decimals: TG5B Unit 7 p6

- Refer to multiplication and division progression document


## Measurement: TG5B Unit 8 p53

- Converting a measurement from a larger unit to a smaller unit
- Converting a measurement from a smaller unit to a larger unit

Percentage: TG5B Unit 10 p108

- Per cent
- Converting more fractions to percentages
- Percentage of a quantity
- Word problems

Key vocabulary

- unlike fractions: TG5A p116
- proper fractions: TG5A p116
- per cent: TG5B p108

